

PLANNING GUIDE & LESSON PLAN













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SHOP

Hello there! We are a set of sisters who are the brains behind the 'Second Story Window' brand. We are both former 2nd grade teachers and current preschool teachers with a combined 20+ years experience in the classroom. We love make life just a little easier by designing curriculum that is both rigorous and easy-to-use!

Emily & Heidi



Ready to take your word work block to the next level?

CLICK THE BUTTON BELOW TO TRY OUT OUR PHONICS CURRICULUM... COMPLETELY FREE!

I WANT WORD PLAY!



saving your sanity with a SCRPT

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Start by identifying activities to meet your back-to-school goals. How will you Affirm, Train, Teach, and Assess your students on the first day and in the first week? Use the **goal setting journal sheets** to list your ideas.
- 2. List the procedures you need to teach. Break down the steps for each procedure. Make a plan for teaching each procedure. (Check out the Procedures and Routines BUNDLE to guide your thinking.)
- 3. Identify which school tools (pencils, crayons, etc.) you need to introduce to your students. Make plan for how you'll introduce each tool. (Check out the GUIDED DISCOVERY FOR SCHOOL TOOLS resource for help with this task.)
- 4. At the start of the school year, things either end quicker than you planned or run long and you need to shift the rest of your day's plans. Prepare for this by creating a bank of time filler ideas that you can prep ahead of time (if needed) and grab at a moment's notice. Consider movement activities, books, songs, art/crafts, short videos, and games. List your ideas on the **Time-Filler Idea Bank**.
- 5. Identify the fixed events in your first day schedule. Consider school start time, recesses, lunchtime, specialty classes, assemblies, visits from the principal, dismissal time, and any other event you don't control the timing of. For each fixed event, fill out a digital or print version of the **fixed event planner page** (page with pencils that says START TIME at the top). Start by listing the fixed event in the center of the page. Use your procedures list to figure out what needs to happen before and after each event. Before lunch you need to teach your lunch procedures. Before the principal visits you need to teach your expectations for respecting guests. Also consider what needs to happen after each fixed event. If there are procedures for coming in after recess or after returning for specialty class, make sure to list those. At the very least, set aside a minute or two for a discussion about how the fixed event went. Did students meet the expectations you set? What should they remember to do going forward?

- 6. Next, add your fixed events to your schedule timeline using the **digital Jamboard or the cut-and-paste sheets**. For the cut-and-paste sheets, list fixed events on the pink strips and glue them where they belong in your schedule.
- 7. Add your flexible events to your schedule. Start with the start and end times for each fixed event. If dismissal is at 3:30, what time do you need to start teaching your dismissal procedures? Add the before and after times of each fixed event to your schedule on the Jamboard or using the cut-and-paste sheet. Use the blue strips (or blue notes) to add the before-and-after times for each fixed event.
- 8. Plan a low-stress activity to engage students on the first morning. Pattern blocks make a great option. [Check out First Day Pattern blocks resource for more information]. Add your morning activity to your timeline.
- 9. Use your Time-Filler Activity Bank to add some time fillers to each fixed event. That way, if you decide to start your dismissal routine at 3:00, but you're done by 3:15, you have a plan already in place and you're not scrambling to fill the last 15 minutes. You can make a note of these on your timeline.
- 10. Once your fixed events are added to your timeline and you've added the before and after times for each fixed event, it's time to start filling in the rest of your schedule. Refer back to your goals for Affirming, Training, Teaching, and Assessing. Which goals will best fill the holes in your schedule? In the first couple days of school, you'll be focusing mostly on Affirming and Training. As the week goes on, you can start adding in more Teaching and Assessing. Make sure you're including activities such as introducing yourself to your students, teaching vital procedures, and giving your students time to get to know each other. List these on the blue flexible event strips and start putting them in your schedule. As your schedule takes shape, make sure you're breaking up the talking and not teaching several procedures in a row. You probably don't want to teach your procedures for pencils right before you teach your procedures for lunch. That's a lot of talking for you and a lot of listening for the kids!
- 11. When your timeline is filled with your fixed and flexible events, you can add that information to your **First Day Script** digitally (in Google Docs) or print and write. Add as much information as possible. Think of it as writing sub plans for yourself. You will have a million details to keep track of on the first day, do yourself the favor of getting as much as possible out of your head and onto paper so you can focus on connecting with your new students. Print your script so you can easily reference it as you go through your first day.

12. Use your first day script to make your Night Before School To-Do List.

- 13. Now that the hard work is done, repeat the steps for the first week of school (or until you're in a regular daily routine).
- · Write your Affirming, Training, Teaching, and Assessing Goals for the first week.
- · Add your fixed events to your timeline.
- Break down what needs to happen before and after each fixed event. Add those times to your timeline.
- Refer to your Time-Filler Idea Bank for ways to fill unexpected time.
- Add in your flexible events. Make sure you're introducing the procedures and school tools you need to cover. Break up the talking with different activities.
- Start moving your students toward your regular daily schedule. If you normally teach
 writing at 10:30, consider planning a writing activity at that time. The activity doesn't have
 to be part of a larger unit just yet. You can do a fun "What I Did During Summer Vacation"
 journal page and craft. But the idea is that you're getting students accustomed to doing
 certain activities at certain times.
- Add your timeline to the day's script. Use a script to support you until you're in you're regular schedule. You have enough to keep track of! Don't make it harder by adding details to your over-taxed memory when you could write them down.
- 14. Don't forget to take care of yourself at this stressful time! Do your future self a favor by figuring out clothes and lunches, and whatever else you can, ahead of time. Use the **Self Care Planning Sheet** to help with this.

And remember: you've got this! The first week is so hard, but you've got the tools you need to succeed!



planning your first day CHECKLIST



Set goals for how to affirm, train, assess, and teach on the first day.
List activities that will help you meet each goal.
List the procedures you need to teach.
Figure out the detailed steps of each procedure.
Make a plan for teaching your procedures.
Identify which school tools you need to introduce to students.
Make a plan for introducing each tool.
Cover your bases by planning a back-up time filler bank of ideas.
Add all fixed events to your first day timeline.
Write the explanations that are needed before and after each fixed event.
Add the times for those explanations to your timeline.
Thoughtfully plan an activity to start the first day.
Use your goals to fill in the rest of your timeline with activities.
Use your timeline to write a detailed first day script.
Use your script to make your first day to-do lists.
Repeat the steps to plan the rest of the first week.



- Creating a peaceful, welcoming space.
- · Giving students ownership and choice.
- Setting clear expectations so students know the boundaries and limits.
- · Recognizing each student as an individual.
- · Valuing student contribution.
- · Providing time for fun and community building.
- Establishing a predictable routine.



How do I want my students to feel when they walk into my classroom for the very first time?

My Yoals For AFFIRMING STUDENTS	How I Will IMPLEMENT THEM





- Planning ahead of time how I want things to run in our class.
- Teaching rules and procedures clearly.
- Offering feedback, praise, and support as students undertake procedures.
- Posting class-generated rules.
- Reinforcing procedures that support independence in the daily routine.
- Making students aware ahead of time of the consequences of their choices.
- Building stamina for time on-task.



What would I like my students to know and be able to do by the end of the first day of school?

My Youls For TRAINING STUDENTS	How I Will IMPLEMENT THEM



- Reviewing material from the previous grade before diving into grade-level content.
- Introducing routines we'll be using all year.
- Planning when to transition from review to new content.



On the first day, how can I help my students begin to learn the tasks and routines we will be doing all year?

My Loals For TEACHING STUDENTS	How I Will IMPLEMENT THEM





- Making observational (informal) assessments of academic and social strengths and struggles.
- Monitoring how well students are able to meet expectations.
- Giving formal tests in literacy and math.
- Grouping students for small group support.
- Establishing interventions as early as possible.



What would I like to know about all my students by the end of the first day of school?

My Boals For ASSESSING STUDENTS	How I Will IMPLEMENT THEM

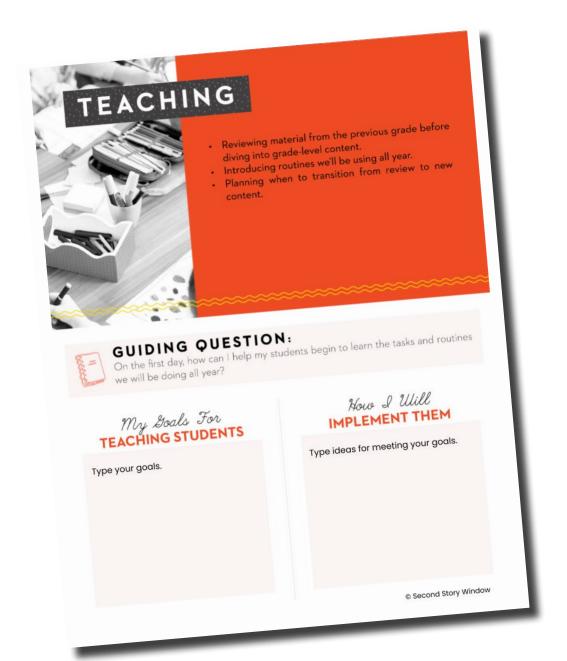
BACK TO SCHOOL



OR



GOOGLE DRIVE



Idea Bank

In the first few days of school, you will inevitably end up with random pockets of time to fill. Activities will run so long you won't have time to start your next planned activity. Or the opposite will happen-activities will finish in half the time you expect. Because you can't count on your regular fast-finisher routines so early in the year, an idea bank of time-filler activities can be very handy!

MOVEMENT	BOOKS	SONGS/MUSIC
ART/CRAFTS	VIDEOS	GAMES
ART/CRAFTS	VIDEOS	GAMES
ART/CRAFTS	VIDEOS	GAMES
	VIDEOS	GAMES
	VIDEOS	GAMES
	VIDEOS	GAMES





OR



GOOGLE DRIVE



START TIME:

>>BEFORE EVENT



Step 2 -

Step 3 -

Step 4 -

Step 5 -

Step 6 -

Step 7 -

Step 8 -

Step 9 -

Step 10 -

Step 11 -

Step 12 -

Step 13 -

Step 14 -

Step 15 -

Step 16 -



FIXED EVENT

EVENT TIME

BACK-UP TIME FILLER IDEAS:

>>AFTER EVENT



Step 1 -

Step 2 -

Step 3 -

Step 4 -

Step 5 -

Step 6 -

Step 7 -

Step 8 -

Step 9 -

Step 10 -

Step 11 -

Step 12 -

Step 13 -

Step 14 -

© END TIME:

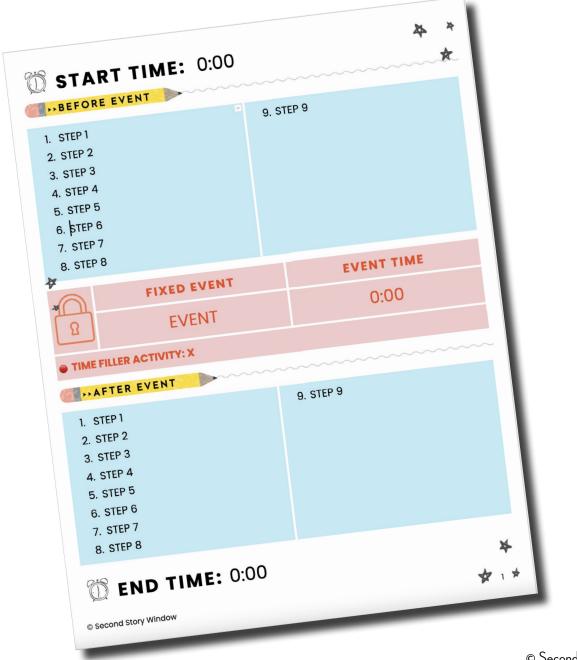
Planning TOOLS + TRICKS







GOOGLE DRIVE



Planning TIPS + TRICKS

In order to make a detailed script for the first day of school, you need a timeline. Start by writing down all of the fixed events in the day. Then add your flexible events. Use your ATTA BOY goals to help identify the activities that would most benefit your students.



FIXED

A fixed event is any event that has to happen at a set time. Think events like recess, lunch, dismissal, a first day assembly, class rotations, specialties, etc.



FLEXIBLE

A flexible event is any event that you control when it happens. These might be regular parts of your routine or one-time activities.

Click here to make a digital schedule...





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FIXED EVENTS FLEXIBLE EVENTS

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Scripting TOOLS + TRICKS

Type your timeline into the Google doc or PDF. Then add all the details you need to remember to make each activity successful. Write down everything you want to remember so that you know exactly what needs to happen at each point in the day.





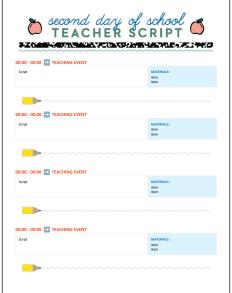


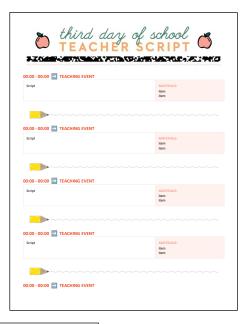
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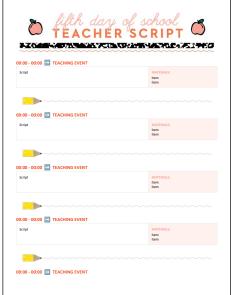














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TIME	ACTIVITY





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TIME	DAY 2	NOTES
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TIME	DAY 5	NOTES
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	♥ LUNCH PLANS ♥				
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the night before school CHECKLIST



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## you may also like these

## RESOURCES

